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Reactions of Phosphoryl and Thiophosphoryl Isocyanates and Isothiocyanates with Secondary Amines and Phosphines

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REACTIONS OF PHOSPHORYL AND THIOPHOSPHORYL ISOCYANATES AND ISOTHIOCYANATES WITH SECONDARY AMINES AND PHOSPHINES

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The addition of secondary amines and phosphines to a phosphorylated or thiophosporylated isocyanate or isothiocyanate group occurs according to equation (1) in a reversible equilibrium reaction.

The degree of the formation of the corresponding derivatives of phosphorylated ureas 5-10 depends on the electrophilic properties of the NCY group, on the nucleophilicity of HZR_2 as well as on the temperature.

1 and 3 form with dialkyl and diaryl amines 5 and 7, respectively, in a nearly quantitative yield. The addition reaction of dialkylamines with 2 and 4 proceeds in most cases without any complication 6 and 8, respectively, whereas diphenylamine reacts only in form of the potassium salt. The addition products 9 and 10 of diorganylphosphines (R= Ph, Et) with 2 and 4 have been isolated only at low temperature (-25 °C). The compounds (PhO)₂P(O)-NH-C(O)-NMePh, (PhO)₂P(S)-NH-C(S)-NMePh, and (PhO)₂P(O)-NH-C(S)-PPh₂ were characterized by x-ray crystal structure analysis^{1, 2}.

The shift of the equilibrium (1) in dependence on the temperature was studied by NMR spectroscopy. Solving well characterized pure samples

of 6 the signal of the educt 2 is observed. The dissociation increases with rising temperature. The equilibrium (1) is on the left side in case of the compounds 9 and 10. Compounds of the type 8 are more stable. Signals of 4 are observed only after shaking solutions of 8 with diluted mineral acids.

The compounds 9a and 9b and solutions of 9c are not stable at room temperature. They undergo decomposition, and 11 is formed according to equation (2).

$$P(S)R_{2}$$

$$(PhO)_{2}P(O)-NH-C(S)PR_{2} \xrightarrow{+ HPR_{2}} (PhO)_{2}P(O)-NH-CH-PR_{2}$$

$$9a, 9b, 9c$$

$$11a, 11b, 11c$$

$$(2)$$

a: R = Ph, b: R = Et, c: R = Pr

Under the influence of air 12 reacts to 13.

9a reacts in benzene with sulfur forming 13 according to equ. (4)

1,1-Diorganyl derivatives of urea react similar to equation (1) with 1, 2,3 and 4 yielding the phosphorylated derivatives of the biuret.

$$(PhO)_2P(X)NCY + H_2N-C(O)-NR_2 \longrightarrow (PhO)_2P(X)-NH-C(Y)-NH-C(O)-NR_2$$
 (5)

However, with phosphorylated isothiocyanates the reaction (5) occurs incompletely. Beside the addition reaction the substitution reaction (5) is observed in these cases and byproducts as e.g. 14 and 16 are formed.

$$(PhO)_2P(X)NCS + H_2N-C(O)-NR_2 \longrightarrow (PhO)_2P(X)-NH-C(O)-NR_2 + HSCN \longrightarrow$$

$$\frac{+ H_{2}N-C(O)-NR_{2}}{- [H_{2}NR_{2}]SCN} > (PhO)_{2}P(X)NCO \xrightarrow{+ H_{2}N-C(O)-NR_{2}} (PhO)_{2}P(X)-NH-C(O)-NH-C(O)-NR_{2} (6)$$

The phenoxy(thio)phosphoryl disothiocyanates 18 and 19 react with secondary amines in three different ways (equation (7)-(9)):

$$(PhO)P(S)(NCS)_2 + 2 HNR_2 \longrightarrow (PhO)P(S)(NCS)NR_2 + [H_2NR_2]SCN$$

$$(8)$$

$$R = alkyl$$
21

$$PhO)P(X)(NCS)_{2} + HNR_{2} \longrightarrow PhO-P S (9)$$

$$N=C$$

$$NR_{2}$$

It is possible to obtain all three types of compounds 20, 21 or 22 in good yields by variation of the reaction conditions and the kind of amine.

For X = S a compound of the type 20 can be synthesized with diphenylamine. With dialkylamines the corresponding dialkylammonium salts $(PhO)P(X)(NH-C(S)-NR_2)_2$ HNR₂ 23 are formed, which are however unstable. By standing for a longer time at room temperature from 23 (X = S) a compound $(PhO)_2P(S)(NR_2)-NH-C(S)-NR_2$, 24, is yielded. The formation of 24 occurs via the substitution product 21, which can be obtained separately according to equation (8), if the dialkylamine and

20 are used in the ratio 2:1. $(PhO)P(O)(NH-C(S)-PR_2)_2$, 24, and $(PhO)P(O)(NCS)NH-C(S)-PR_2$, 25, was observed in a reaction of diphenylphosphine with 18, similar to equation (8).

With 18 compounds of the type 22 are obtained in a high yield. Dial-kylamines form the corresponding ammonium salts. Their structures were determined by NMR spectroscopy and x-ray crystal structure analysis.

Phenylphosphine reacts with 18 and according to equation (10) the derivative 25 of a 1,3,2,5-diazaphosphorinane is formed.

The thiophosphorylated thioureas 8 are excellent extractants for weak metal ions. They form square planare complexes with nickel³ and with copper(I) a complex [Cu(PhO)₂P(S)NC(S)NR₂]⁴.

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